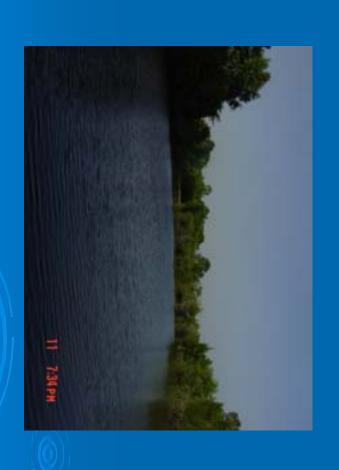


Pocomoke River

- > 73 miles long.
- > 170,000 acres of farm land.
- Narrow and deep river.
- 30 miles of the river flow through the Great Cypress Swamp.



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Poultry in the Pocomoke River Watershed

- > 600 million chickens are raised a year.
- One-fifth of all chickens are raised in Worcester and Somerset Counties.
- 750,000 tons of chicken waste is produced each year.



Poultry in the Pocomoke River Watershed



Poultry is a \$1.6 billion industry.

 14,000 people are employed in our area by the poultry industry.

Chicken houses



Poultry in the Pocomoke River Watershed

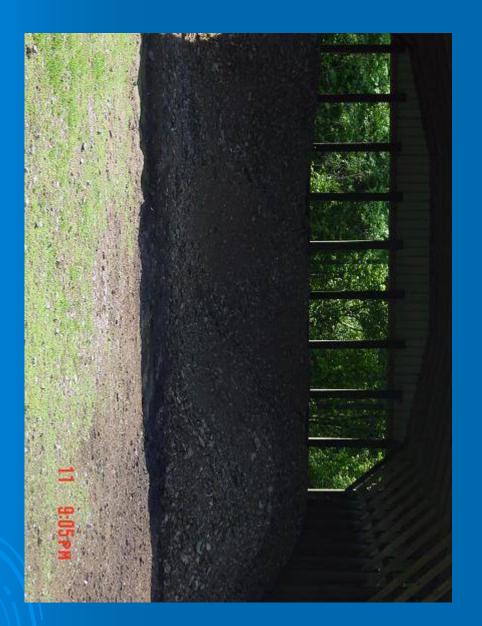
Chickens produce 13 million pounds of nitrogen. phosphorus and 48 million pounds of

Phosphorus concentration has increased





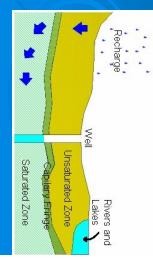
Chicken manure shed



Groundwater

The U.S. Geological Survey, estimates groundwater sources. 80% of the fresh water entering the Pocomoke River originates from

One-third of all ground water in the Pocomoke watershed has been contaminated by nitrates.



Solutions

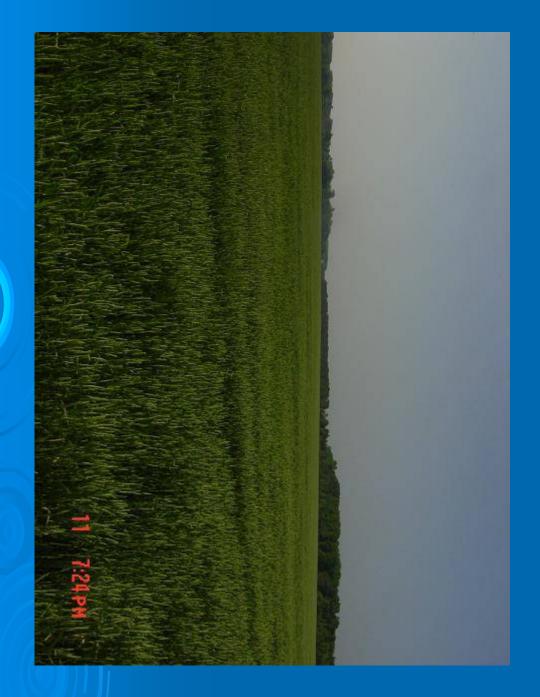
- Find alternative uses for chicken waste products:
- 1. Burning as fuel
- 2. Converting it into fertilizer pellets
- It is essential that Maryland's new nutrient management plan be enforced.

 Adding phytase to chicken feed reduces the amount of phosphorus in chicken manure.

 Reimbursement to farmers for the addition of phytase will ultimately reduce phosphorus.



Agriculture



Agriculture in the Pocomoke River Watershed

- Agriculture contributes 44% of nitrogen and 56% of phosphorus entering the Chesapeake Bay.
- According to CBF, nitrogen pollution is the most serious issue facing the Bay.



Phosphorus is more difficult to deal with then nitrogen.

When annual application of phosphorus phosphorus accumulates in soil. exceeds the removal by crops,

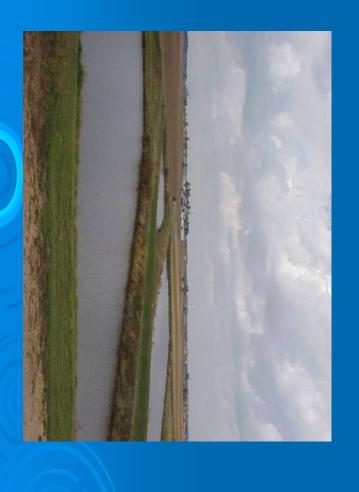


New Research

Scientists at University of Maryland gypsum application in controlling phosphorus movement in farmer's fields Eastern Shore are studying the use of

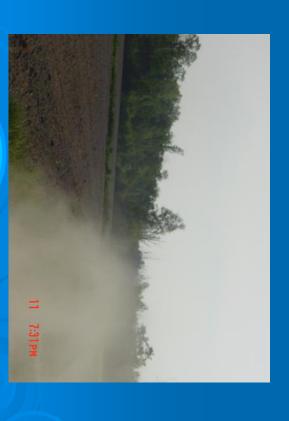


Scientists are reinvestigating the use of drainage ponds as storage units in which nutrients are allowed to settle.



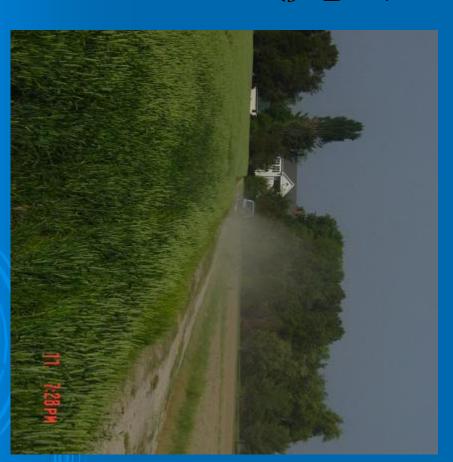
Sedimentation

Sedimentation in the Pocomoke River is including construction sites, agriculture, and dirt roads. mainly derived from non-point sources



Limits need to be set on how long land may be exposed and when cover crops should be planted.

Dirt roads should be paved as soon as possible.



Tannic acid

Due to the tea color of the Pocomoke to be a problem, but it is. River, sedimentation does not appear



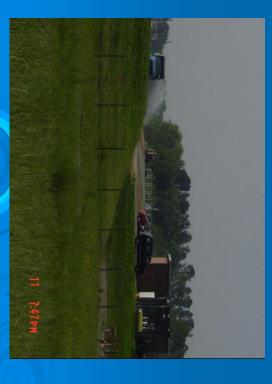
Waste Water treatment

Waste Water accounts for 30% of the nutrient flow into the Chesapeake Bay.

Pocomoke City's new water treatment plant

Pocomoke River
Water Treatment
plant has recently
been upgraded to a
5A class treatment
faculty.

This will result in a 55% reduction in nitrogen and a 33% reduction in phosphorus.



- Snow Hill's town mayor has requested a 6 million dollar grant to update the city's wastewater treatment plant.
- They also need funds in order to fix cracked and leaking pipes.



- Fertilizers and pesticides used by home owners collect in storm drains.
- This water remains untreated and goes directly into the Pocomoke River.
- Solution: all storm drain water should be sent directly to fertilizers, and chemicals. the wastewater treatment plant to remove toxins,



Pfiesteria in the Pocomoke River

> In 1997, 20 to 30 thousand fish died in the Pocomoke River.

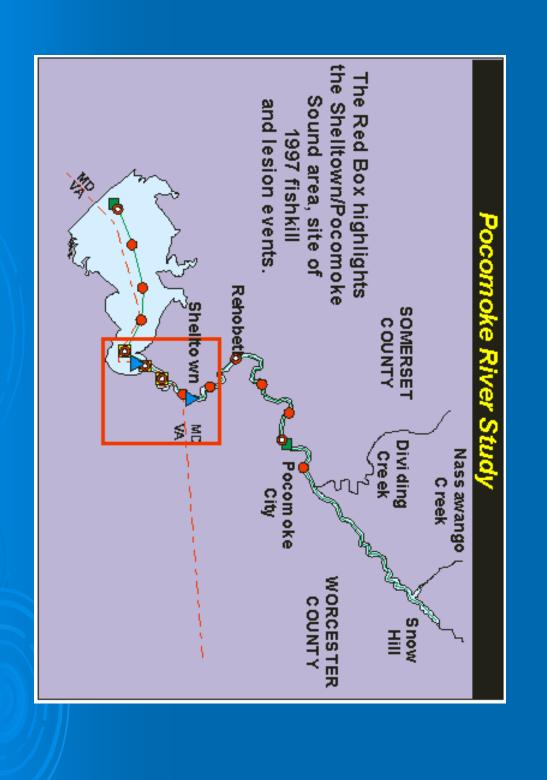


- It has been hypothesized pfiesteria piscicidea was the culprit.
- Pfiesteria, a singlecelled micro organism, has a complicated life cycle that includes 24 different stages.





- One toxic stage of pfiesteria may appear when water temperature exceeds 70 presence of large quantities of fish. degrees, low salinity levels, and the
- Pfiesteria is very sensitive to elevated phosphorus levels.
- These conditions were present in the Pocomoke River in 1997.



Some scientists hypothesize the pfiesteria weakened the fish allowing a fungus to create lesions on the menhaden.

Other scientists hypothesize that the lesions were caused by the pfiesteria

- As a result of pfiesteria, the American river in the United States. Pocomoke the third most endangered Rivers 13th Annual Report named the
- The Pocomoke River is one of the most widely studied and monitored rivers in the United States.



Conclusion

- Education is the only hope for both the Chesapeake Bay. Pocomoke River and ultimately the
- Education has to be directed towards poultry industry, construction workers, farmers, watermen, people involved in the everyone, including home owners, students, teachers, etc...

Delmarva Discovery Center

